

решенија

①  $9x+y, \dots, x+9y$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} a_1 = 9x+y \\ a_9 = x+9y \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} a_9 = a_1 + 8d \\ x+9y = 9x+y+8d \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 8y-8x=8d \\ \boxed{d=y-x} \end{array} \right.$$

Нуз:

$(9x+y, 8x+2y, 7x+3y, 6x+4y, 5x+5y, 4x+6y, 3x+7y, 2x+8y, x+9y)$

или по образцу:  $d = \frac{b-a}{r+1}$ , где  $i \in r$ -бро чланова

које треба помножити измету чланова  $a, b$ .

$$d = \frac{x+9y - (9x+y)}{7+1} = \frac{8y-8x}{8} = y-x.$$

②  $\left. \begin{array}{l} x+y+z=21 \\ \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} = \frac{7}{12} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} y=x \cdot q \\ z=x \cdot q^2 \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x+x \cdot q+x \cdot q^2=21 \\ \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x \cdot q} + \frac{1}{x \cdot q^2} = \frac{7}{12} \end{array} \right.$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x(1+q+q^2)=21 \\ \frac{q^2+q+1}{xq^2} = \frac{7}{12} \end{array} \right\} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \boxed{x = \frac{12 \cdot (1+q+q^2)}{7q^2}} \\ 4 \frac{12(1+q+q^2)}{7q^2} \cdot (1+q+q^2) = 21 \end{array} \right.$$

$$4(1+q+q^2)^2 = 7^2 q^2 \quad \text{II} \quad 2(1+q+q^2) = \pm 7q$$

I:  $2+2q+2q^2=7q$

$$2q^2 - 5q + 2 = 0$$
$$q_{1,2} = \frac{5 \pm 3}{4} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right.$$

II:  $2+2q+2q^2=-7q$

$$2q^2 + 9q + 2 = 0 \quad \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{65}}{4}$$
$$q_{1,2} = \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{65}}{4} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{-9 + \sqrt{65}}{4} \\ \frac{-9 - \sqrt{65}}{4} \end{array} \right.$$

Рационулно:  $q=2$

$$x = \frac{12 \cdot 7}{7 \cdot 4} = 3$$

$(3, 6, 12)$

Није рационално.



③  $a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4$  арифметички  $\#U3$   
 $a_1-2, a_2-7, a_3-9, a_4-5$  геометрички

$$\begin{cases} (a_2-7)^2 = (a_1-2)(a_3-9) \\ (a_3-9)^2 = (a_2-7)(a_4-5) \end{cases} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_2^2 - 14a_2 + 49 = a_1 a_3 - 9a_1 - 2a_3 + 18 \\ a_3^2 - 18a_3 + 81 = a_2 a_4 - 5a_2 - 7a_4 + 35 \end{array} \right.$$

$a_2 = a_1 + d, a_3 = a_1 + 2d, a_4 = a_1 + 3d$  јер је  $\#U3$  арифметички

$$(a_1+d)^2 - 14(a_1+d) + 49 = a_1(a_1+2d) - 9a_1 - 2(a_1+2d) + 18$$

$$(a_1+2d)^2 - 18(a_1+2d) + 81 = (a_1+d)(a_1+3d) - 5(a_1+d) - 7(a_1+3d) + 35$$

$$a_1^2 + 2a_1d + d^2 - 14a_1 - 14d + 49 = a_1^2 + 2a_1d - 9a_1 - 2a_1 - 4d + 18$$

$$a_1^2 + 4a_1d + 4d^2 - 18a_1 - 36d + 81 = a_1^2 + 4a_1d + 3d^2 - 5a_1 - 5d - 7a_1 - 21d + 35$$

$$d^2 - 10d - 3a_1 + 31 = 0 \quad | \cdot (-)$$

$$d^2 - 10d - 6a_1 + 46 = 0$$

$$-3a_1 = -15 \Rightarrow a_1 = 5 \quad d^2 - 10d + 16 = 0$$

$$d_{1,2} = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{C}}{2} = \begin{cases} 8 \\ 2 \end{cases}$$

Пр.  $\#U3$ : 5, 13, 21, 29  $\#U3$  5, 7, 9, 11

(геом.  $\#U3$ ) 3, 6, 12, 24

3, 0, 0, 6  $\swarrow$

$$\textcircled{4} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{((2n+1)^2)^2 - ((n-1)^2)^2}{((2n+1)^2)^2 + ((n-1)^2)^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(4n^2+4n+1)^2 - (n^2-2n+1)^2}{(4n^2+4n+1)^2 + (n^2-2n+1)^2} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{16n^4 + 32n^3 + 16n^2 + 8n^2 + 8n + 1 - n^4 + 4n^3 - 4n^2 - 2n^2 + 4n - 1}{16n^4 + 32n^3 + 16n^2 + 8n^2 + 8n + 1 + n^4 - 4n^3 + 4n^2 + 2n^2 - 4n + 1} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{15n^4 + 36n^3 + 18n^2 + 12n}{17n^4 + 28n^3 + 30n^2 + 4n + 2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{15 + \frac{36}{n} + \frac{18}{n^2} + \frac{12}{n^3}}{17 + \frac{28}{n} + \frac{30}{n^2} + \frac{4}{n^3} + \frac{2}{n^4}}$$

$$= \frac{15}{17}$$

$$\textcircled{5} z = -2 + 2\sqrt{3}i \Rightarrow z = 4 \left( \cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} \right)$$

$$* \left( \begin{array}{l} r = \sqrt{4 + 4 \cdot 3} = 4 \\ -2 = 4 \cos \varphi \\ 2\sqrt{3} = 4 \sin \varphi \end{array} \right. \left. \begin{array}{l} \cos \varphi = -\frac{1}{2} \\ \sin \varphi = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{array} \right\} \varphi \in \text{II} \Rightarrow \boxed{\varphi = \frac{2\pi}{3}}$$

$$w = 2 - 2i \xrightarrow{**} |w| = 2\sqrt{2} \left( \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \right)$$

$$** \left( r = \sqrt{4+4} = 2\sqrt{2} ; \begin{cases} 2 = 2\sqrt{2} \cos \varphi \\ -2 = 2\sqrt{2} \sin \varphi \end{cases} \right. \left. \begin{matrix} \cos \varphi = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \sin \varphi = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{matrix} \right) \left. \begin{matrix} \theta \in IV; \theta = -\frac{\pi}{4} \end{matrix} \right)$$

$$a) z \cdot w = 4 \cdot 2\sqrt{2} \left( \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \right)$$

$$= 8\sqrt{2} \left( \cos \frac{5\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{12} \right)$$

$$b) \frac{w}{z} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{4} \left( \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \left( \cos\left(-\frac{11\pi}{12}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{11\pi}{12}\right) \right)$$

$$b) z^3 = 4^3 \cdot \left( \cos \frac{2\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} \right) = 64 \cdot \left( \cos 2\pi + i \sin 2\pi \right) = 64$$

$$r) \sqrt[3]{w} = \sqrt[3]{2\sqrt{2}} \left( \cos \frac{-\frac{\pi}{4} + 2k\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{-\frac{\pi}{4} + 2k\pi}{3} \right) \quad k=0,1,2$$

$$\sqrt[3]{2\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt[3]{2^3} = \sqrt[6]{2^3} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$w_0 = \sqrt[3]{w} = \sqrt{2} \left( \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{12}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{12}\right) \right)$$

$$w_1 = \sqrt[3]{w} = \sqrt{2} \left( \cos \frac{7\pi}{12} + i \sin \frac{7\pi}{12} \right)$$

$$w_2 = \sqrt[3]{w} = \sqrt{2} \left( \cos \frac{5\pi}{4} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{4} \right)$$